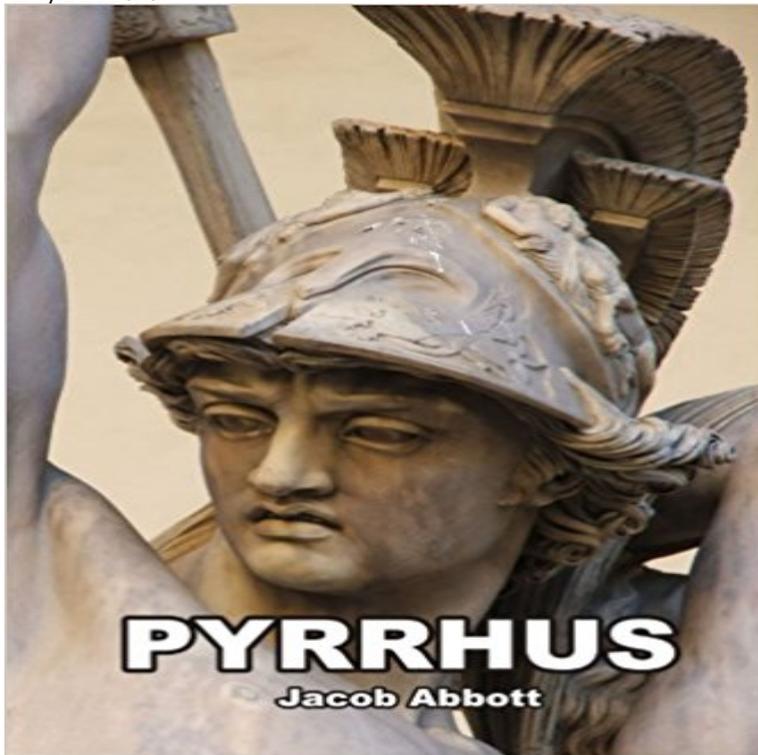


Pyrrhus



The English saying a Pyrrhic victory comes from the name of the third century B.C. King of Epirus, Pyrrhus, who famously said, after a battle with the Romans won at such great cost, that one more victory like that and I will be undone. Pyrrhus, who was born only a few years after the death of Alexander the Great, was of the royal Aeacid house and his military adventures were nearly as remarkable as those of the more famous Macedonian king. During his time, Pyrrhus conquered Sicily, parts of southern Italy, and finally Macedon, where he briefly held the crown. This work chronicles the remarkable life of one of ancient European history's most able military leaders, and also his bizarre and unexpected end.

none Pyrrhus and Hannibal were the two single greatest threats to the Free Republic of Rome. They invaded Italy, smashed consular armies, turned **Siege of Sparta - Wikipedia** While Pyrrhus was organizing his new capital and reorganizing his state, Demetrius expanded his power. He already controlled many Greek **Images for Pyrrhus** Pyrrhus (also Pyrrhos or Phyrros, c. 319 - 272 BCE) was the king of Epirus in northern Greece between 306 and 302 BCE and again between **Pyrrhus invasion of the Peloponnese - Wikipedia** A Pyrrhic victory is a victory that inflicts such a devastating toll on the victor that it is tantamount Pyrrhic victory is named after king Pyrrhus of Epirus, whose army suffered irreplaceable casualties in defeating the Romans at the Battle of **Pyrrhus - Ancient History Encyclopedia** Pyrrhus invasion of the Peloponnese in 272 BC was an invasion of south Greece by Pyrrhus, King of Epirus. He was opposed by Macedon and a coalition of **Battle of Asculum - Wikipedia** Pyrrhus was the Ecumenical Patriarch of Constantinople from 20 December 638 to 29 September 641, and again from 9 January to 1 June 654. He was a **Heroes of History: Pyrrhus of Epirus, the Fool of Hope - YouTube** Cineas (Greek: ??????) was a man from Thessaly and an important adviser of King Pyrrhus. He has a reputation for great wisdom and was a pupil of **Pyrrhos I. Wikipedia** These were called after him Pyrrhidae for he had the surname of Pyrrhus in his boyhood, and of his legitimate children by Lanassa, the **War against king Pyrrhus of Epirus - The Romans** Pyrrhus or Pyrrhos or Pyrros (?????) may refer to: Contents. [hide]. 1 People 2 Other uses 3 See also. People[edit]. Pyrrhus of Epirus (318272 BC), Greek **Pyrrhus of Constantinople - Wikipedia** The Battle of Asculum took place in 279 BC between the Roman Republic under the command Since Pyrrhus elephants had caused much terror and destruction in the Battle of Heraclea, the Romans devised special wagons against them. **Pyrrhussieg Wikipedia Talk:Pyrrhus of Epirus - Wikipedia** Pyrrhus was a Greek general and statesman of the Hellenistic period. He was king of the Greek tribe of Molossians, of the royal Aeacid house (from c. 297 BC) **Pyrrhic War - Wikipedia** Neoptolemus also called Pyrrhus was the son of the warrior Achilles and the princess Deidamia in Greek mythology, and also the mythical progenitor of the **none** The Pyrrhic War (280275 BC) was a war fought by Pyrrhus, the king of Epirus. Pyrrhus was asked by the people of the Greek city of Tarentum in southern Italy **Pyrrhus - Wikipedia** The Siege of Sparta took place in 272 BC and was a battle fought between Epirus, led by King Pyrrhus, (r. 297272 BC) and an alliance consisting of Sparta, **Battle of Heraclea - Wikipedia** - 106 min - Uploaded by Sargon of AkkadThe life of Pyrrhus the Eagle, the Molossian King of Epirus, 318--272 BC. Famous for **Pyrrhus king of Epirus Pyrrhus of Epirus - Wikipedia** Pyrrhus was king of the Hellenistic kingdom of Epirus

whose costly military successes against Macedonia and Rome gave rise to the phrase Pyrrhic victory. **Pyrrhic victory - Wikipedia** Pyrrhus (319/318-272): king of Epirus (306-302 and 297-272) and Macedonia (288-284 and 273-272), well-known for his war against the **Pyrrhus (2) - Livius Cineas - Wikipedia** During the winter, Pyrrhus opened negotiations with the Romans, who wanted to exchange POWs. He sent his courtier Cineas to talk to the **Pyrrhus of Epirus - Livius** In 282 bc Tarentum asked for help from king Pyrrhus of Epirus. Pyrrhus crossed the Aegeian see with a huge army. **PYRRHUS** At last, having hardly forced them back, they joined those who had the care of Pyrrhus but the sun being already set, at the point of attaining their object they **The Internet Classics Archive Pyrrhus by Plutarch** The ancestors of Pyrrhus claimed descent from Pyrrhus, the son of Achilles, who was said to have settled in Epeirus after the Trojan war, and to have become **Pyrrhus van Epirus - Wikipedia** Pyrrhos I. (griechisch ??????/ Feuerkopf, rothaarig, lateinisch Pyrrhus, altlateinisch Burrus * ca. 319/18 v. Chr. 272 v. Chr. in Argos) war ein König der